#### Global Wind Hazard Preview

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#### Abstract

TAOS<sup>tm</sup> WX Global Analysis of wind hazards and economic impact estimates based the 20240502000000 00z forecast. This analysis was run using proc:gfs TAOS Version 25.01:ROCKY9:GCC11:2024:106:1435, and includes wind hazards from tropical cyclones, winter storms, mid latitude cyclones, and other synoptic scale weather systems.

Report generated Thu May 2 07:42:03 AM UTC 2024 on cortex2 using GFS data downloaded on Thu May 2 03:33:39 AM UTC 2024.

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## Forecast Day 1: 2024-05-02

		Impacts for day
scenario	exposures	$economic\_impact$
f001_20240502	78795	.89 Million USD

Tabl	e 1.2: Countries	with over 100 th	ousand USD in impacts
	name	$num\_exposures$	$economic\_impact$
	United States	26050	.46 Million USD



Figure 1.1: GFS Wind Forecast for day 1

### Forecast Day 2: 2024-05-03

Table 2.1: Glob	Table 2.1: Global Economic Impacts for day 2						
scenario	exposures	$economic\_impact$					
f002_20240502	117670	2.07 Million USD					

Table $2.2$ :	Countries	with ov	er 100	thousand	USD	in impacts
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2.2: Countries with over 100 thousand USD in impa						
name	$num\_exposures$	$economic\_impact$				
Argentina	62999	.71 Million USD				
Iraq	3013	.26 Million USD				
Libya	22815	.45 Million USD				
Tanzania	4154	.41 Million USD				
	(4  rows)					



Figure 2.1: GFS Wind Forecast for day 2

### Forecast Day 3: 2024-05-04

Table 3.1: Global Economic Impacts for day 3						
scenario	exposures	$economic\_impact$				
f003_20240502	454131	6.45 Million USD				

Table 3.2: Countries with over 100 thousand USD in impacts

name	$num\_exposures$	$economic\_impact$				
Argentina	286035	2.97 Million USD				
Libya	16183	.18 Million USD				
Syria	19573	.57 Million USD				
Tanzania	11689	.89 Million USD				
Turkmenistan	59095	1.12 Million USD				
United States	18141	.34 Million USD				
Uzbekistan	15654	.13 Million USD				
(7  rows)						



Figure 3.1: GFS Wind Forecast for day 3

### Forecast Day 4: 2024-05-05

Table 4.1: Global Economic Impacts for day 4						
scenario	exposures	$economic\_impact$				
f004_20240502	243060	5.90 Million USD				

Table 4.2: Countries with over 100 thousand USD in impacts

name	$num\_exposures$	economic_impact				
Falkland Islands	12295	.24 Million USD				
Kazakhstan	24543	.12 Million USD				
South Korea	6326	1.00 Million USD				
Syria	4351	.14 Million USD				
United States	155726	4.16 Million USD				
(5  rows)						



Figure 4.1: GFS Wind Forecast for day 4

### Forecast Day 5: 2024-05-06

Table 5.1: Global Economic Impacts for day 5							
scenario	exposures	$economic\_impact$					
f005_20240502	184289	22.87 Million USD					
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Table 5.2: Countries with over 100 thousand USD in impacts

name	$num\_exposures$	$economic\_impact$
Bangladesh	10111	2.60 Million USD
Falkland Islands	8616	.13 Million USD
India	20507	15.61 Million USD
Saudi Arabia	5062	.56 Million USD
United States	112939	3.85 Million USD
(5  rows)		



Figure 5.1: GFS Wind Forecast for day 5

#### **Technical Notes**

The TAOS<sup>tm</sup> WX Global Analysis (TAOS/WX) is part of the TAOS<sup>tm</sup> storm hazard modeling system. TAOS/WX ingests global or regional weather models and, using the same graphical processing systems, statistical methodologies, exposure, and damage models as the tropical cyclone (TAOS/TC) and earthquake (TAOS/EQ) packages, generates estimates of weather hazards and the economic impact of weather hazards on those exposures.

#### 6.1 Input Meteorological Data Processing

This chapter describes the Beta version 1.0 of TAOS/WX, which is a hindcast and five day forecast using the US National Center for Environmental Prediction Global Forecast System (GFS) as the source of raw meteorological data. This data is processed in to standard TAOS<sup>tm</sup> format NetCDF files for further processing by the TAOS<sup>tm</sup> graphical and analytical tools.

#### 6.1.1 Forecasts

Each day at 08z (5am EDT) the outputs of the primary 00Z GFS run are downloaded from NCEP using either the NOMADS or NOAA telecomunications gateway servers. The raw data sets in GRIB2 format are processed and converted in to NetCDF format for compatibility with TAOS<sup>tm</sup> standard tools as well as for more efficient downstream processing and storage. The GFS data are processed by a streamlined version of the TAOS/TC model to generate exposure grid level wind, wave, storm surge, rain, and inland flood products. These are then available for graphics generation or analysis by the exposure and damange processing system.

#### 6.1.2 Hindcast

Along with the 00z forecast run, the data acquisition system fetches the simulations used by NCEP to "bootstrap" each GFS run and prepare for the next simulation. These are effectively 6 hour hindcasts, which are integrated to form hourly snapshots and maxima of the previous day. As with the forecast outputs, the GFS data are processed by a streamlined version of the TAOS/TC model to generate exposure grid level wind, wave, storm surge, rain, and inland flood products. These are then available for statistical analysis, graphics generation, or analysis by the exposure and damage processing system.

#### 6.2 Exposure and Damage Processing

This is a brief overview of the exposure system and damage calculations with an emphasis on differences between TAOS/WX and other TAOS<sup>tm</sup> family processing. The processed GFS meteorological forecast is run against the TAOS<sup>tm</sup> basic exposure system at a resolution of 30 arc seconds (std30). The results are in 2021 US Dollars based on Purchasing Power Parity (PPP), with economic impact results generated for 3,614 level one administrative areas in 248 countries. For more complete information on the exposure data base see the latest version of the **TAOS<sup>tm</sup> Basic Exposure Data and Hazard Impact Estimation System Technical Overview**.

The Standard PPP based Exposure Data set is used for this analysis. NASA Global Population data and NOAA satellite derived land cover data are used in the exposure generation process to identify urban areas, agricultural areas, and other characteristics for creating an exposure classification for each inhabited 1km (30 arc second) land grid cell. The exposure system classifies each grid cell in to one of up to eight possible exposure categories and allocates an economic value to that cell. The Global Administrative Areas project (GADM) is the primary reference for National, Level 1 (State Equiv), and Level 2 (County Equiv) boundaries.

Damage fractions are computed using the same Fortran 90 program used in the TC and EQ systems (dmgmod). Wind damage curves are derived from a third power function based on wind speed and the type of exposure. Further information (including damage curve plots) may be found in the Technical Overview.